

FROST-FREE REFRIGERATOR/FREEZER

FROST-LIBÉRENT

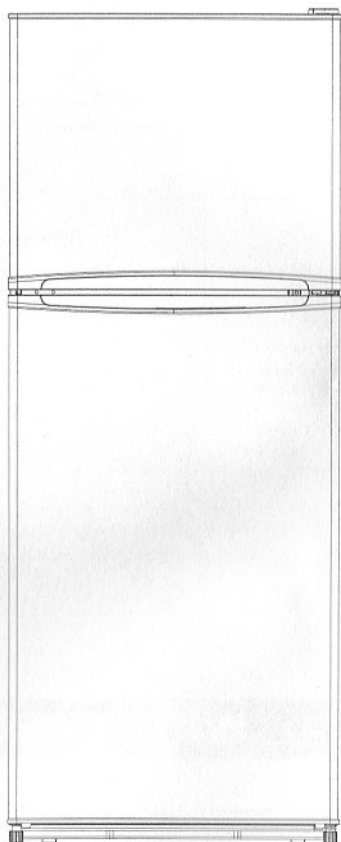
RÉFRIGÉRATEUR/CONGÉLATEUR

FROST-LIBERA

REFRIGERADOR/CONGELADOR

USER MANUAL
GUIDE DE L'UTILISATEUR
MANUAL DEL USUARIO

MODEL WD-282FW



EVER❄CHILL

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ENGLISH

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PRODUCT REGISTRATION

Thank you for purchasing our Everchill product. This easy-to-use manual will guide you in getting the best use out of your product. Remember to record the model and serial numbers. They are on the backside or inside of the product.

Model number	_____
Serial number	_____
Date of purchase	_____

Staple your receipt to your manual. You will need it to obtain warranty service.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

⚠ WARNING

**READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE USING THIS APPLIANCE:
WHEN USING THIS APPLIANCE, ALWAYS EXERCISE BASIC SAFETY
PRECAUTIONS, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:**

NOTE: If the refrigerator has been placed in a horizontal or tilted position for any period of time, wait 24 hours before plugging the unit in.

- 1) Use this appliance only for its intended purpose as described in this use and care guide.
- 2) This refrigerator should not be recessed or built-in an enclosed cabinet. It is designed for freestanding installation only.
- 3) This refrigerator must be properly installed in accordance with the installation instructions before it is used. See Electrical Requirements in the Set Up & Use section.
- 4) Never unplug your refrigerator by pulling on the power cord. Always grasp the plug firmly and pull straight out from the outlet.
- 5) Repair or replace immediately, all electric service cords that have become frayed or otherwise damaged. Do not use a cord that shows cracks or abrasion damage along its length, the plug or the connector end.
- 6) If your old refrigerator is not being used, we recommend that you remove the doors. This will reduce the possibility of danger to children.

⚠ WARNING

**AFTER YOUR REFRIGERATOR IS IN OPERATION, DO NOT TOUCH THE COLD
SURFACES IN THE FREEZER COMPARTMENT, PARTICULARLY WHEN HANDS ARE
DAMP OR WET. SKIN MAY ADHERE TO THESE EXTREMELY COLD SURFACES.**

7) Do not refreeze foods, that have been thawed completely. The United States Department of Agriculture in Home and Garden Bulletin No. 69 reads:

"...You may safely refreeze frozen foods that have thawed if they still contain ice crystals or if they are still cold, below 40°F."

"...Thawed ground meats, poultry, or fish that have any off-odor or off-color should not be refrozen and should not be eaten. Thawed ice cream should be discarded. If the odor or color of any food is poor or questionable, discard it. The food may be dangerous to eat."

"...Even partial thawing and re-freezing can reduce the eating quality of foods, particularly fruits, vegetables, and prepared foods. The eating quality of red meats is affected less than that of many other foods. Use refrozen foods as soon as possible to save as much of their eating quality as you can."

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS CONT.

- 8) Do not use any electrical device or any sharp instrument in defrosting your refrigerator.
⚠ DANGER: Risk of Fire or Explosion. Flammable Refrigerant Used. Do Not Use Mechanical Devices to Defrost Refrigerator or Freezer. Do Not Puncture Refrigerant Tubing.

- 9) Unplug your refrigerator before cleaning or before making any repairs.

NOTE: If for any reason this product requires service, the component parts shall be replaced with like components and that servicing shall be done by factory authorized service personnel, so as to minimize the risk of possible ignition due to incorrect parts or improper service.

- 10) Do not operate your refrigerator in the presence of explosive fumes.

SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

CAUTION -Risk of Fire or Explosion

**Dispose of properly in accordance with Federal or Local
Regulations. Flammable refrigerant used.**

⚠ DANGER

**RISK OF CHILD ENTRAPMENT. BEFORE YOU THROW AWAY YOUR OLD
REFRIGERATOR OR FREEZER, TAKE OFF THE DOORS. LEAVE THE SHELVES IN
PLACE SO THAT CHILDREN MAY NOT EASILY CLIMB INSIDE.**

INSTALLATION GUIDE

INSTALLATION LIMITATIONS

- Select a suitable location for the refrigerator on a hard even surface away from direct sunlight or heat source, e.g. radiators, baseboard heaters, cooking appliances, etc. Any floor unevenness should be corrected with the leveling legs located on the front bottom corners of the refrigerator.

UNPACKING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

1. Remove all packaging material. This includes the corrugated base and all adhesive tape holding the refrigerator accessories inside and outside.
2. Inspect and remove any remains of packing, tape or printed materials before powering on the refrigerator.
3. If your refrigerator comes with smooth or stainless steel doors, please remove the clear film before turning it on for the first time. When removing the film, do not pull the film straight down as this could result in misaligned doors.
4. It is normal for the freezer door to be positioned slightly higher than the top of the cabinet when the refrigerator is first installed. This positioning is done at the factory to ensure a proper gasket seal once the door is weighted with food items.

CAUTION

RISK OF FIRE OR EXPLOSION DUE TO PUNCTURE OF REFRIGERANT TUBING. FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANT USED. HANDLE WITH CARE WHEN MOVING REFRIGERATOR TO AVOID EITHER DAMAGING THE REFRIGERANT TUBING OR INCREASING THE RISK OF A LEAK.

LEVELING YOUR REFRIGERATOR

- Your refrigerator has two leveling legs that are located in the front bottom corners of your refrigerator. After properly placing your refrigerator under its final position, you can level your refrigerator.
- Leveling legs can be adjusted by turning them counterclockwise to raise your refrigerator or by turning them clockwise to lower your refrigerator. The refrigerator door will close easier when the leveling legs are extended.



INSTALLATION GUIDE CONT.

PROPER AIR CIRCULATION

- To ensure your refrigerator works at the maximum efficiency it was designed for, you should install it in a location where there is proper air circulation, plumbing and electrical connections. Your refrigerator is not designed to operate in temperatures below 55°F (12°C) or above 95°F (35°C).
- Do not install your refrigerator in any location not properly insulated or heated, e.g. garage, etc. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heating sources such as radiators, heaters, and cooking appliances.
- The following are recommended clearances around the refrigerator:
 Sides.....1" (25 mm) Top.....1" (25 mm) Back.....2" (50mm)

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING

ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENT - SHOCK HAZARD

- Make sure there is a suitable power outlet. 115 Volts, 15 Amps, 3 Prong (Grounded) power outlet with proper grounding to power the refrigerator.
- Avoid the use of three prong adapters or cutting off the third grounding prong in order to accommodate a two prong outlet. This is a dangerous practice since it provides no effective grounding for the refrigerator and may result in shock hazard.

USE OF EXTENSION CORDS

WARNING

USE OF EXTENSION CORDS - POTENTIAL SAFETY HAZARD

- Avoid the use of an extension cord because of potential safety hazards under certain conditions. If it is necessary to use an extension cord, use only a 3-wire extension cord that has a 3-blade grounding plug and a 3-slot outlet that will accept the plug. The marked rating of the extension cord must be equal to or greater than the electrical rating of the appliance. **DO NOT USE EXTENSION CORD LONGER THAN 12 FT.**

ACCESSORIES

The following accessories are available:

- Glass Shelf for the Fresh Food Section
- Glass Shelf for Freezer Compartment

REVERSING THE DOOR SWING

LEFT/RIGHT DOOR OPENING METHOD

This product allows you to reverse the door opening from left to right and back. You can select your preference of door opening by following the procedure to make the change.

TOOLS REQUIRED

Phillips and Flat Head Screwdrivers, Ratchet Wrench with 8 mm and 10 mm sockets.

DISMANTLING

(Fig. 1 and Fig. 2)

1. Affix refrigerator and freezer door by sticking adhesive tape on both sides to hold doors in place.

Fig. 1

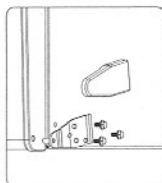
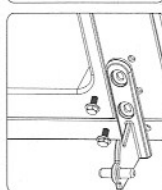


Fig. 2



2. As shown in Fig. 1, remove the upper hinge cover by using flat head screwdriver. Then remove three screws using ratchet wrench with 10 mm head. Take out hinge by pulling it vertically and keep it in safe place.

3. Remove the adhesive tape on freezer door, lift it and take off the door and carefully put it aside.

4. Remove two screws of central hinge using ratchet wrench with 8 mm socket, and keep them in a safe place (Fig. 2)

5. Remove the adhesive tape on refrigerator door, lift it and take refrigerator door, and carefully put it aside.

6. Remove the doorstoppers from the refrigerator and freezer doors. (Fig. 3)

7. Insert left side doorstoppers (provided in your packing) on the left side bottom hole of the refrigerator door and on the left side bottom hole of the freezer door. Fasten with screws provided. (Fig. 4)

Fig. 3

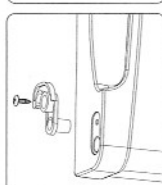
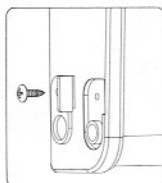
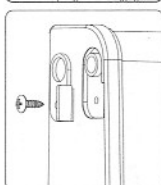
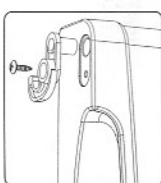


Fig. 4



REVERSING THE DOOR SWING CONT.

REINSTALLATION

1. Remove the lower pivot pin from the lower hinge by turning counter clockwise. Move the pin to the opposite hole and tighten. Make sure that washer on the pin stays in place (Fig. 5)

Fig. 5

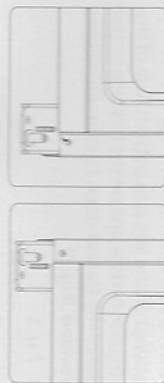
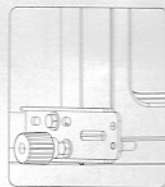


Fig. 6



2. Tilt refrigerator on a 45-degree angle to have access to the bottom front.

CAUTION

Two People Required.

3. Remove both left and right front feet from bottom. (Fig. 6)
4. Loosen the screws holding the bottom hinge and remove it using ratchet wrench with 10 mm socket. Remove one Phillips Head screw on other side.

5. Align the holes in the bottom hinge to the corresponding holes on the opposite side of the cabinet. Insert and tighten the screws. Reinstall both front feet and reinstall Phillips Head screw on opposite side.

Fig. 7

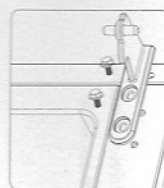
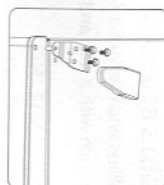


Fig. 8



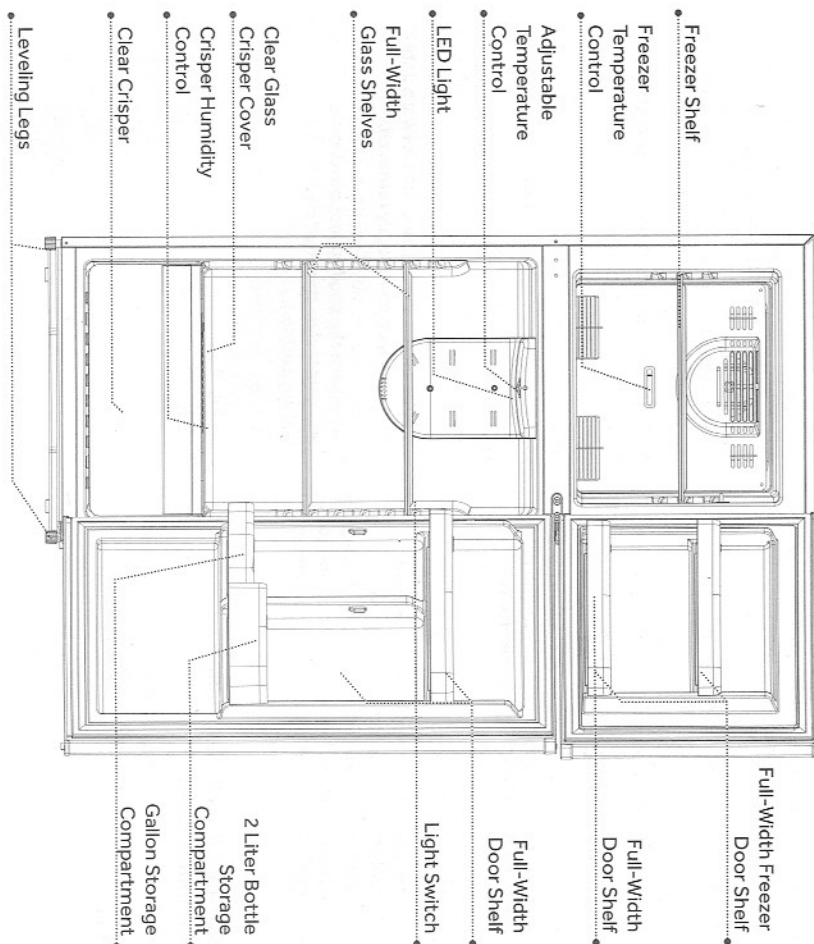
6. To install refrigerator door: Line up the left bottom hole of the refrigerator compartment door over the bottom hinge pin. Move door forward to make it straight and align with central hinge. Install the central hinge again, and turn the hinge axle until it completely enters the door body. Secure it with the screws provided. (see Fig. 7)

NOTE: Prior to this, remove plugs from door frame and install on opposite side.

7. To install freezer door: Line up left bottom hole of the door over the central hinge middle pin. Move door forward to make it straight and align with freezer compartment. Place over left side the top hinge, align holes with hole on the refrigerator top and tighten with the screws provided. (see Fig. 8)

8. Reinstall hinge cover as shown in Fig. 8

PARTS & FEATURES



FEATURES AND USE

ADJUSTABLE TEMPERATURE DIAL

Your refrigerator will automatically maintain the temperature level you select. The temperature control dial has 7 settings. 1 is the warmest. 7 is the coldest. At first, set the dial to 4 and allow 24 hours to pass before adjusting the temperature to your needs.

To adjust the temperature range in the cold setting, turn the temperature dial in a clockwise direction. For normal operating conditions, keep the dial halfway between cold and coldest. For your convenience, the factory presets the control at normal operating conditions.

NOTE: If the refrigerator has been placed in a horizontal or tilted position for any period of time wait 24 hours before plugging the unit in.

FREEZER SECTION

Your freezer compartment is equipped with adjustable temperature control. For your convenience, temperature is preset by the factory to the colder setting. There is also an option to adjust the settings, either to cold or to coldest.

REFRIGERATOR SECTION INTERIOR LIGHT

Your refrigerator is equipped with an interior light in the fresh food section for you to easily locate your food.

FROST-FREE REFRIGERATOR-FREEZER

You should never need to defrost your freezer, as it automatically defrosts any ice build-up that may occur.

⚠ DANGER: RISK OF FIRE OR EXPLOSION.
FLAMMABLE REFRIGERANT USED. DO NOT USE MECHANICAL DEVICES TO DEFROST REFRIGERATOR OR FREEZER. DO NOT PUNCTURE REFRIGERANT TUBING.

REFRIGERATOR INTERIOR SHELVES

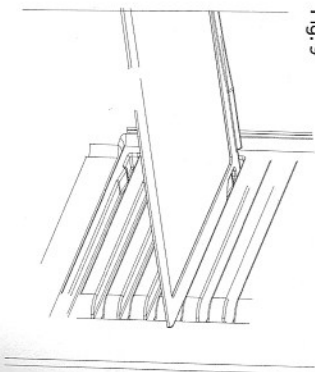
(Shelves may vary by model)

The shelves of your refrigerator were designed with you in mind. Their varied adjustability allows you to satisfy your personal storage needs.

To remove or adjust a full-width slide-out shelf, (see Fig. 9)

1. Gently tilt the shelf up and slide forward until the shelf has been completely removed.
2. To replace the shelf, select the desired setting and gently slide the shelf back until it rests in the locking position.

Fig. 9



FEATURES AND USE CONT.

CRISPERS AND CRISPER COVER

To remove and install the crisper: (see Fig. # 10)

1. Grip the crisper firmly and slide out completely.
2. Replace the crisper by placing the crisper properly in position and gently sliding it back into place.

Fig. 10



REMOVING OR REPLACING THE CRISPER COVER

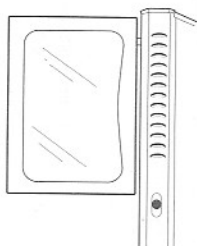
1. Carefully grasp the crisper cover and slide out to remove. (Fig. 11)

Fig. 11



2. To replace, slide the rear of the crisper cover into the right and left slots above the crisper area and gently slide back into place.

Your refrigerator is equipped with a slide control to raise or lower the humidity levels or your crispers. This feature will increase the storage life of your fruits and vegetables. Simply adjust the controls to the appropriate setting for items you are storing in the crispers. Low settings allow moist air to exit the crisper, for optimum storage of fruit and/or vegetables that have skins. High settings retains moist air in the crisper, for optimum storage of leafy fresh vegetables.



FOOD STORAGE INFORMATION

FRESH FOOD:

- When storing fresh food that is not prepackaged, be sure to wrap or store food in airtight and moisture proof material unless otherwise noted. This will ensure proper shelf life and prevent the transfer of odors and tastes.

- Wipe containers before storing to avoid needless spills.

- Eggs should be stored in an upright position in their original carton to maximize shelf life.

- Fruit should be washed and dried, then stored in sealed plastic bags before storing in the refrigerator.

- Vegetables with skins should be stored in plastic bags or containers.

- Leafy vegetables should be washed and drained and then stored in plastic bags or containers.

- Hot food should be allowed to cool before storing in the refrigerator. This will prevent unnecessary energy use.

- Fresh seafood should be used the same day as purchased.

- When storing meats in the fresh food section, keep in the original packaging or rewrap as necessary.

These are some suggestions for safe storage:

- Chicken 1-2 Days
 - Ground Beef 1-2 Days
 - Cold Cuts 3-5 Days
 - Steaks/Roasts 3-5 Days
 - Smoked/Cured Meats 7-10 Days
- For detailed storage chart visit FDA website:
www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/fttstore.html

FROZEN FOOD

- Wipe containers before storing to avoid needless spills.

- Hot food should be allowed to cool before storing in the freezer. This will prevent unnecessary energy use.

- When storing meats, keep in the original packaging or rewrap as necessary.

- Proper freezer storage requires correct packaging. All foods must be in packages, that do not allow the flow of air or moisture in, or out. Improper storage will result in odor and taste transfer and will result in the drying out of the improperly packaged food.

- Follow package or container instructions for proper storage.

Packaging Recommendations:

- Plastic containers with air tight lids
- Heavy duty aluminum foil
- Plastic wrap made from saran film
- Self-sealing plastic bags

- Do not refreeze defrosted/thawed foods.

- It is recommended that the freezing date be marked on the packaging.

These are some suggestions for safe storage:

- TV Dinners 3 - 4 Months
 - Fresh Shrimp, scallops, crawfish 3 - 6 Months
 - Hamburger & stew meats 3 - 4 Months
 - Ground Turkey, veal, pork 3 - 4 Months
 - Chops 4 - 6 Months
 - Steaks 6 - 12 Months
 - Chicken or Turkey 6 - 8 Months
- For detailed storage chart visit FDA website:
www.cfsan.fda.gov/~dms/fttstore.html

CARE AND MAINTENANCE

▲ WARNING

BEFORE CLEANING YOUR REFRIGERATOR, ALWAYS UNPLUG IT FROM THE POWER SOURCE. FAILURE TO HEED THIS WARNING COULD RESULT IN INJURY OR DEATH FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK.

NOTE: Before using any cleaning products, be sure to read the manufacturer's instructions and warnings. This will help avoid personal injury or damage to property.

INTERIOR CLEANING:

Prepare a cleaning solution of 3-4 tablespoons of baking soda mixed with warm water. Use a sponge or soft cloth, dampened with the cleaning solution, to wipe the inside of your refrigerator.

Avoid cleaning any cold glass (shelves, crisper cover glass, etc.) with hot water. The glass can break and cause personal injury. Handle all glass parts with care at all times.

Do not attempt to wash any parts in a dishwasher.

Do not use harsh chemicals, ammonia, chlorine bleach, concentrated detergent, solvents, abrasives or metal scouring pads to clean your refrigerator, inside or out. They can damage and/or discolor the refrigerator finish.

EXTERIOR CLEANING:

Use a clean, soft, lightly dampened cloth with kitchen appliance wax or a mild detergent to clean the exterior of the refrigerator.

Use a clean, soft, lightly dampened cloth with warm soapy water to clean the handles and trim. Use a clean, soft towel to dry.

For stainless steel models, use a dry cloth and stainless steel polish.

Door gaskets should be cleaned every three months following the instructions for interior cleaning. Clean gaskets will maintain a better seal than dirty gaskets. Lightly apply petroleum jelly to the hinge side of the gaskets to keep the gasket pliable and assure a good seal.

Never use a dirty cloth to clean the exterior of the refrigerator. Dirty cloths may leave residue on the refrigerator that can damage the finish. Also, avoid the use of harsh chemicals, ammonia, chlorine bleach, concentrated detergent, solvents, abrasives or metal scouring pads to clean the outside of the refrigerator.

LED LIGHTING SERVICE

▲ WARNING

DO NOT CHANGE THE LED LIGHT BY YOURSELF. PLEASE CONTACT THE AFTER-SALE SERVICE FOR YOUR REPLACEMENT. FAILURE TO HEED THIS WARNING COULD RESULT IN INJURY OR DEATH FROM ELECTRIC SHOCK.

CLEANING & MAINTENANCE

WARNING

To avoid electric shock, always unplug your refrigerator before cleaning. Ignoring this warning may result in death or injury.

CAUTION

Before using cleaning products, always read and follow manufacturer's instructions and warnings to avoid personal injury or product damage.

General

Prepare a cleaning solution of 3-4 tablespoons of baking soda mixed with warm water. Use sponge or soft cloth, dampened with the cleaning solution, to wipe down your refrigerator.

- Rinse with clean warm water and dry with a soft cloth.

- Do not use harsh chemicals, abrasives, ammonia, chlorine bleach, concentrated detergents, solvents or metal scouring pads. Some of these chemicals may dissolve, damage and/or discolor your refrigerator.

CARE AND MAINTENANCE

Door Gaskets:

Clean door gaskets every three months according to general instructions. Gaskets must be kept clean and pliable to assure a proper seal.

- Petroleum jelly applied lightly on the hinge side of gaskets will keep the gasket pliable and ensure a good seal.

POWER INTERRUPTIONS

In the event of a power interruption, unplug your refrigerator from the power source. Avoid opening the doors until after power has been restored. Your refrigerator will maintain a cold temperature for longer if door opening is avoided or kept to a minimum.

Once power has been restored, plug your refrigerator back into the power source and inspect food in the refrigerator for spoilage or thawing. Cleaning your refrigerator after a prolonged power outage is strongly recommended to avoid odors and potential health hazards due to thawing.

VACATION

For long vacations or absences, unplug your refrigerator and remove all food from it. Turn the temperature control knob in the refrigerator section to the OFF position and clean the refrigerator, including the gaskets, according to the Proper Care and Maintenance section. Leave the doors propped open to allow air to circulate inside the refrigerator.

MOVING

Before moving your refrigerator, empty the food from it and use adhesive tape to secure all loose items such as shelves, door bins and racks, crispers and pans, etc. and unplug it. Always move the refrigerator in an upright position in order to avoid damaging the sealed refrigerant system.

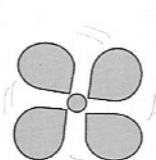
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MAINTENANCE

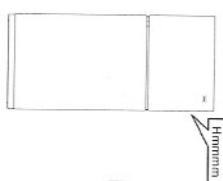
Risk of Fire or Explosion. Flammable refrigerant used. Do not puncture refrigerant tubing. To be repaired only by trained authorized service personnel. Consult Repair Manual before attempting to service this product. All Safety Precautions Must be followed. Component parts shall be replaced with like components to minimize the risk of possible ignition due to incorrect parts or improper service.

NORMAL OPERATING SOUNDS



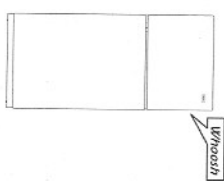
Whirring

There is a fan inside your refrigerator which helps to maintain the temperature you have selected. Whirring is common when the refrigerator is first plugged in, when the doors have been opened often or for an extended period of time and when a large amount of food has been added.



Humming

This is a common noise that comes from the compressor and is a part of making your refrigerator run efficiently.



Whooshing

It is possible that you may hear a whooshing noise when closing the doors. This is no cause for concern. It is simply the pressure in the refrigerator equalizing.



Cracking



Clicking



Sizzling



Gurgling

- There are a lot of things going on in your refrigerator at any given time. Additional noises you may hear, and possible causes include:

- Gurgling is most likely due to the circulation of refrigerant through the cooling coils.
 - Sizzling or popping sounds can be frost melting and falling onto the defrost heater during the defrost cycle.
 - Clicking or chirping may be heard as the compressor attempts to re-start.
 - Cracking or popping noises may be from the expansion and contraction of cooling coils during and after the defrost cycle.
 - Also, when your refrigerator is first plugged in, the foam insulation in the walls will cool and contract, which can result in cracking or popping noises.
 - The defrost timer and thermostat control will click as each cycles on and off.
- If the refrigerator has been placed in a horizontal position for any period of time, wait 24 hours after returning it to the upright position before plugging it in.

➡ IMPORTANT

During the automatic defrost cycle, you may notice a red glow in the vents on the back wall of your freezer compartment. This is normal during the defrost cycle.

TROUBLESHOOTING

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE(S)	SOLUTION
Refrigerator or freezer is too cold	Temperature control is set too low	Turn knob counter-clockwise to change to a warmer setting; allow 24 hours to adjust
Refrigerator or freezer is too warm	Temperature control is not set low enough Doors opened frequently or left open Warm food added recently Items against back of compartments are blocking proper airflow	Turn temperature knob clockwise to adjust to a lower temperature; allow 24 hours to adjust Keep door closed / Check that a package isn't preventing door from closing Allow time for food and refrigerator to cool Store items only inside the trim of the glass shelves; don't place items against sides of the compartments or directly in front of any vents
Light does not come on	Refrigerator is unplugged LED light is burned out Not all models come with a freezer light	Plug refrigerator in to power source Follow instructions in LED Light Replacement section
Moisture on exterior/interior of refrigerator	High humidity Doors opened frequently or left open	This is normal; Dry surface and adjust temperature knob to slightly colder setting Keep door closed / Check that a package isn't preventing door from closing
Refrigerator has an odor	Open container of water in refrigerator Food is not sealed or packaged properly Interior needs to be cleaned	Cover or seal container Re-seal packaging / Place an opened box of baking soda in the refrigerator, replace every three months Follow cleaning instructions in Proper Care and Maintenance section
Refrigerator compressor runs frequently or for long periods of time	Normal when first plugged in Warm or large amounts of food added Door is left open Hot weather or frequent openings Temperature control set to coldest setting	Allow 24 hours for the refrigerator to cool down This is normal Ensure that door is not being held open by an item This is normal Adjust knob to a warmer setting
Refrigerator does not run	Refrigerator is unplugged Breaker is tripped or turned off / Fuse is blown Refrigerator is in defrost mode	Plug power cord into power source Reset / Turn on breaker or replace fuse Wait about 40 minutes for defrost cycle to end and cooling system to restart

TROUBLESHOOTING CONT.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE(S)	SOLUTION
Food freezing in refrigerator	Food placed too close to the air vent Temperature control knob set too low	Move items away from back and top of the refrigerator Adjust the knob counter-clockwise to a warmer setting
Frost or ice crystals on frozen food	Freezer door left open or opened frequently Items blocking freezer air vents and preventing proper airflow	Turn knob counter-clockwise to change to a warmer setting; allow 24 hours to adjust Move items away from rear wall
Freezer door pops open when closing the refrigerator door	Normal if freezer door closes afterwards on its own If freezer doesn't close on its own after popping open, adjust leveling legs	This indicates a good seal if freezer door closes on its own See leveling leg feature instructions in Installing Your Refrigerator section
Door does not close properly	Refrigerator isn't level Something is obstructing door closure	See leveling leg feature instructions in Installing Your Refrigerator section Check for and remove obstructions
Vibration or rattling	Refrigerator is not resting firmly on floor	See leveling leg feature instructions in Installing Your Refrigerator section